

IN THE CLAIMS:

The text of all pending claims, (including withdrawn claims) is set forth below. Cancelled and not entered claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with underlining and deleted text with ~~strikethrough~~. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (original), (currently amended), (cancelled), (withdrawn), (new), (previously presented), or (not entered).

Please CANCEL claims 8 and 45 without prejudice or disclaimer of the subject matter therein and AMEND claims 1, 4, 9, 10, 11, 28, 30, 41, 42, 43, 47 and 49 in accordance with the following:

1. (Currently Amended) A data scrambler for a high density optical recording and/or reproducing apparatus using an optical disc, the data scrambler comprising:

~~a random data generator which generates random data having a random data generation cycle based on a result obtained by multiplying at least a size of a first data frame by a result obtained by dividing a data amount of two tracks in an outermost circumference of the optical disc by a size of a second data frame, wherein the random data generator comprises:~~

~~serially arranged registers, which shift-store n bits and generate the random data, and use a total of n values as initial values, including a first initial value and register values, which are supplied in each 4K times left-shifting of the first initial value,~~

~~a first serial logic circuit having a plurality of logic gates, which exclusive-ORs outputs of a first group of the registers which correspond to a number of effective branches with a predetermined branch value, and feedbacks the random data to a least significant register,~~

~~wherein the data scrambler further comprises a second logic circuit which scrambles outputs of a second group of registers and input data and outputs scrambled data in units of bytes to the recording and/or reproducing apparatus.~~

2. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the size of the first data frame is one sector, and the size of the second data frame is one error correction block.

3. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the random data generation cycle is at least as great as the result obtained by multiplying at least the size of the first data frame by the result obtained by dividing the data amount of the two tracks in the outermost circumference of the optical disc by the size of the second data frame.

4. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the random data generator further comprises:

~~registers, serially arranged, which shift store n bits and generate random data, and uses a total of n values as initial values, including a first initial value, first register values, which are output after shifting the first initial value 7 times, a second initial value immediately after a capacity required for return of the first initial value and the first register values, and second register values which are output after shifting the second initial value 7 times; and~~

~~a first serial logic circuit having a plurality of logic gates, which exclusive-OR outputs ones of the registers which correspond to a number of effective branches with a predetermined branch value, and outputs of neighboring ones of the logic gates are fed back to a least significant one of the registers,~~

~~wherein the data scrambler further comprises a second logic circuit which scrambles outputs of a predetermined number of least significant ones of the registers and input data in units of byte.~~

5. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 4, wherein the random data generation cycle is 216 (=64 K) when n is 16.

6. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 4, wherein the number of effective branches is at least 4, and the effective branch value is any one of 8016h, 801Ch, 8029h, 80D0h, 810Ah, 810Ch, 8112h, 8142h, 8148h, 8150h, 8214h, 8241h, 8244h, 8248h, 8260h, 8320h, 8406h, 8430h, 8540h, 8580h, 8610h, 8805h, 8821h, 8841h, 8842h, 8920h, 8940h, 8A04h, 9028h, 9082h, 9120h, 9420h, 9840h, 9C00h, A084h, A101h, A108h, A140h, A440h, A801h, A840h, B010h, B400h, C009h, C00Ah, C042h, C108h, C120h, C208h, C801h, CA00h, and D008h.

7. (Original) The scrambler of claim 4, wherein the effective branch value is "B400h" and the initial values include the first initial value as 0001h, the first register values as (0002h, 0004h, 0008h, 0010h, 0020h, 0040h, 0080h), which are obtained by left-shifting 0001h 7 times, the second initial value as 7E80h, a result of the registers after 32K, which is the capacity required for the return of the first initial and the first register values (B400h, 0002h, 0004h, 0008h, 0010h, 0020h, 0040h, 0080h), and the second register values as (FF01h, FE02h, FC04h, F808h, F011h, E023h, C046h), which are obtained by left-shifting the second initial value 7E80h 7 times.

8. (Cancelled)

9. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 81, wherein the random data generation cycle is 216 (=64 K) when n is 16.

10. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 81, wherein the number of effective branches is at least 4, and the effective branch value is any one of 8016h, 801Ch, 8029h, 80D0h, 810Ah, 810Ch, 8112h, 8142h, 8148h, 8150h, 8214h, 8241h, 8244h, 8248h, 8260h, 8320h, 8406h, 8430h, 8540h, 8580h, 8610h, 8805h, 8821h, 8841h, 8842h, 8920h, 8940h, 8A04h, 9028h, 9082h, 9120h, 9420h, 9840h, 9C00h, A084h, A101h, A108h, A140h, A440h, A801h, A840h, B010h, B400h, C009h, C00Ah, C042h, C108h, C120h, C208h, C801h, CA00h, and D008h.

11. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 81, wherein the value of the effective branch is "B400h" and the initial values include the first initial value as 0001h and the register values as (3DADh, D4E7h, FDCAh, EBCCh, 292Eh, 50F0h, BFCAh, 7F80h, D36Eh, BB39h, 5DFFh, A809h, 6647h, 8044h, 0304h), which are obtained after every 4096 times left-shifting of the first initial value 0001h.

12. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the random data generator changes the effective branch value in units of a first cycle and generates a second cycle of the random data according to a control value.

13. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 12, wherein the first cycle corresponds to an error correction block and the second cycle corresponds to a sector.

14. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 12, wherein the second cycle is 4 K, and the control value is one of 829h, 834h, 84Ch, 868h, 883h, 891h, 8B0h, 8C2h, 906h, 960h, 990h, A03h, A18h, B04h, C48h, and CA0h in units of an error correction block.

15. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 12, wherein the random data generator comprises:

a decoder which supplies 12 output bits, which correspond to 16 kinds of control values, in units of an error correction block;

registers, arranged serially, which shifting-store 12 bits and generate random data in units of a sector;

a selection output circuit which receives the 12 output bits supplied from the decoder, as a selection signal, supplies a predetermined value for each bit of an effective branch among the 12 output bits from the decoder, and otherwise supplies corresponding outputs of the registers, to generate 12 outputs; and

a first logic circuit which exclusive-ORs the 12 output bit of the selection output circuit

and the 12 output bits of the registers and then, feeds back a result of the exclusive-ORing only for each bit of the effective branch among the 12 output bits from the decoder,

wherein the data scrambler further comprises a second logic circuit which scrambles outputs of a predetermined number of least significant ones of the registers and input data in units of a byte.

16. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 15, wherein initial values of the register are newly set in each error correction block.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Cancelled)

19. (Cancelled)

20. (Cancelled)

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Cancelled)

23. (Previously Presented) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein:
the amount of scrambled data in the first data frame is 4Kb (Kilobytes) in size;
the amount of scrambled data in the second data frame is 64Kb in size;
the scrambled data amount of the two tracks in the outermost circumference of the optical disc is less than or equal to 1024Kb; and
the random data generation cycle is less than or equal to 64Kb.

24. (Previously Presented) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein:
the amount of scrambled data in the first data frame is 8Kb (Kilobytes) in size;
the amount of scrambled data in the second data frame is 64Kb in size;
the scrambled data amount of the two tracks in the outermost circumference of the optical disc is less than or equal to 1024Kb; and
the random data generation cycle is less than or equal to 128Kb.

25. (Previously Presented) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein:
the amount of scrambled data in the first data frame is 2Kb (Kilobytes) in size;
the amount of scrambled data in the second data frame is approximately 64Kb in size;

and

the scrambled data amount of the two tracks in the outermost circumference of the optical disc is less than or equal to 1024Kb; and

the random data generation cycle is less than or equal to 32Kb.

26. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the random data generation cycle is at least 64Kb (Kilobytes).

27. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 4, wherein:

the size of the first data frame is a sector and the size of the second data frame is an error correction block; and

the initial values are determined by an upper 4 bits of a last byte in a 4-byte identification code which is allocated in each of a plurality of the first data frames.

28. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 81, wherein:

the size of the first data frame is a sector and the size of the second data frame is an error correction block; and

the initial values are determined by an upper 4 bits of a last byte in a 4-byte identification code which is allocated in each of a plurality of the first data frames.

29. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 15, wherein:

the size of the first data frame is a sector and the size of the second data frame is an error correction block; and

the initial values are determined by an upper 4 bits of a last byte in a 4-byte identification code which is allocated in each of a plurality of the first data frames.

30. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 1, wherein the random data generator further comprises:

a decoder to selectively output n bits as valid and invalid bits in response to input m bits;

n registers arranged in serial, which shift and store the n bits, to generate shifted n bits as the random data;

a selection circuit which selects a predetermined value or the shifted n bits for ones of the shifted n bits, to generate a selection signal; and

logic gates arranged in serial, which perform XOR operations on the ones of the shifted n bits, the ones of the shifted n bits, and an output of an adjacent more significant one of the logic circuits, wherein the output of the logic gate associated with a least significant of the ones of the shifted n bits is fed back to a least significant one of the registers.

31. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 30, further comprising:
a scrambling circuit which performs XÖR operations on a plurality of least significant
ones of the shifted n bits and corresponding input data bits after the n registers 8-bit left shift the
n bits.

32. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 30, further comprising:
a scrambling circuit which performs XOR operations on a plurality of least significant
ones of the shifted n bits and corresponding input data bits after each one-bit left shift of the n-
registers.

33. (Original) The data scrambler of claim 30, further comprising:
a scrambling circuit which performs XOR operations on a plurality of least significant
ones of the shifted n bits and corresponding input data bits after the n registers 4k left shift the n
bits.

34. (Cancelled)

35. (Cancelled)

36. (Cancelled)

37. (Cancelled)

38. (Cancelled)

39. (Cancelled)

40. (Cancelled)

41. (Currently Amended) A data scrambler for a high density optical recording and/or
reproducing apparatus using an optical disc, comprising:
~~a random data generator which generates random data and adjusts a random data~~
~~generation cycle of the random data based upon a data amount of two tracks in an outermost~~
~~circumference of the optical disc; and~~
~~a scrambling circuit to scramble the random data including serially arranged registers,~~
which shift-store n bits and generate the random data, and use a total of n values as initial
values, including a first initial value and register values, a first serial logic circuit having a plurality

of logic gates, which exclusive-ORs outputs of a first group of the registers and feedbacks the random data to a least significant register, and

a second logic circuit which scrambles outputs of a second group of registers and input data and outputs scrambled data in units of bytes to the recording and/or reproducing apparatus.

42. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 41, wherein the optical disc has error correction blocks each error correction block comprising sectors, wherein:

the random data generator adjusts the random data generation cycle of the random data based upon the size of each sector and a size of each error correction block.

43. (Currently Amended) A data scrambler for a high density optical recording and/or reproducing apparatus using an optical disc having error correction blocks each error correction block comprising sectors, the data scrambler comprising:

a random data generator which generates random data and adjusts a random data generation cycle of the generated random data based upon a data amount in an innermost circumference of the optical disc and the size of each sector and a size of each error correction block; and

a scrambling circuit to which scrambles the generated random data and outputs scrambled data in units of bytes.

44. (Cancelled)

45. (Cancelled)

46. (Cancelled)

47. (Currently Amended) A data scrambler comprising:

a random data generator for generating which generates the random data in the cycle efusing a 32KB in order to scramble data having structure of 2 KB for a sector or a data frame and 64KB for an ECC block, and

a scrambling circuit which scrambles the generated random data and outputs scrambled data in units of bytes.

48. (Previously Presented) The scrambler of claim 47, wherein the random data generator comprises:

a 15-bit serial register r_0 through r_{14} for generating the random data by shifting left synchronized with a clock input for scrambling; and

an exclusive OR gate for outputting an exclusive OR value exclusive-ORing output from the higher-most register r_{14} and output from the lower register r_{10} to the lower-most register r_0 ,

wherein the scrambler includes an exclusive OR logic circuit which supplies the result of exclusive-ORing 1-byte input data D_0 through D_7 and each of the 8 outputs of the lower registers r_0 through r_7 after left-shifting the 15 bit register r_0 through r_{14} 8 times.

49. (Currently Amended) The data scrambler of claim 47, wherein the random data generator generates the random data ~~in the cycle of using a 64Kb cycle to scramble data having the~~ structure of more than 2Kb for the sector or the data frame and 64Kb for the ECC block.